

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 14, 1865.

Advertisements, Obituaries, &c., to insure publication, must be paid for in advance. All Job Work Cash on Delivery.

Attention is called to advertisement of superior Furniture for sale. A fair opportunity is here offered for investment.

Long denied many table comforts and delicacies, besides very many real necessities, our readers will appreciate the rare list of friend Solomon's on another column. It smacks of the olden time.

Frightful Calamity.

A terrific explosion occurred at the ordnance depot and magazine, Mobile, on the 26th ultimo. The city was shaken to its foundations. Eight squares of buildings were demolished, and about 5000 bales of cotton destroyed. The explosion took place while the ordnance stores, surrendered by Dick Taylor, were being removed. About 300 persons were killed. Several thousand were buried in the ruins. The total loss is estimated at between five and eight million dollars.

Extension of the Military Lines of the United States.

By an order from the War Department at Washington, the military lines of the United States are extended to include within them the States of Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, North Alabama and Tennessee, and all military restrictions upon internal trade within said lines are annulled, except in matters contraband of war.

Brevet Major General E. Saxton, U. S. Volunteers, is appointed assistant-commissioner of the Freedman's Bureau, for South Carolina and Geo.

A Larger Sheet.

Our space this week is filled with various and interesting matters and things from the—outside world, having had the satisfaction of a sight of several late papers. This is gratifying, and the beginning of better times. With renewed rail road communications and mail facilities, we will no longer be cut off from the rest of mankind, and will be able to present our readers

stances permit it is designed to enlarge the Herald to double its present size, and to hasten that end, it is requested that those subscribers whose terms expire on 21st June, will signify if they wish to renew their subscriptions, by complying with present terms.

To whom it Concerns.

An interesting notice appears in an Augusta paper, as a military order, giving timely notice to the inhabitants, that all articles belonging to the United States, by virtue of the surrender of the C. S. armies, must be forthwith given up. To effectually carry it out, an officer has been appointed to make search in houses and stores, for military stores, government tools, parts of machinery, clothing quartermaster's and commissary stores, powder, ordnance and fire-arms for which no permit is shown, and other articles of a suspicious character. Parties in possession of the same will be arrested. This order has not been extended to these precincts yet, and it might be well "for the sake of quiet in the family," that attention be paid to it.

Wholesome Advice.

From all accounts 'freedmen' are not having the best of times in Charleston, to which city of refuge scores we are told are flocking, in the vain delusion that there they may rest, no more picking of the cotton, no more sweat, no more work, oh no, but rest, for the asking without But its a mistaken idea, all must work or starve. These deluded ones on arriving, are sent to the islands, and there commanded to work. Hundreds we are told are perishing. We think, in the absence of proper authority, that planters instead of telling them that they are free to go where and do as they list, should wait until authorized so to do, and advise them as to the folly of leaving home, only in the end perhaps to be sent back, or may be perish, let alone the evil of having the country infested with marauders. If this evil exists, it is imputable to the untimely or unwise course, in some measure, of not a few planters.

Since the above was in type, the orders bearing upon this subject have been received, and will be found below.

Important Military Orders.

By late Columbia paper we are in possession of several important orders from Brig. General Hartwell, the pith of which is embraced as follows: He says to the freedmen, "the time has come for you all to do your best to show that you are fit to be freemen in this great Republic. Observe the marriage tie. Learn to read and write. No one must leave his wife and children

or aged parents while he can assist them. Thieves and idlers and people strolling about the country will be punished. Be prudent, quiet and orderly. If you have trouble, report it to the military authorities. This year you cannot do more than get a living for yourselves and families, those will get the best pay next year who work the best now."

General Orders No. 13, specifies: Where colored people (formerly slaves) desire to remain with their former owners and do what they can, they must not be turned off. Any person violating this order, and causing them to become paupers upon the community, will be arrested and reported for trial. Colored people remaining on the places of their former masters, and behaving improperly or refusing to work with fair terms offered, will be reported for action of the military authorities.

General Order No. 12, says: Contracts between masters and servants will set forth, in words the freedom of the latter, and will be witnessed by a United States officer and by a civilian. It is for the interest of the people that these relations be amicably adjusted without delay. Cases of difficulty will be examined and tried by military authorities.

No privilege or advantage whatsoever will be granted those who do not declare their allegiance to the United States Government, acting in good faith according to that declaration.

COMMUNICATED.

DEAR EDITORS—Allow me to rectify a little mistake that I found in your paper of the 7th inst. Alluding to the brave Latour D'Auvergne, you say that that hero fell in battle while the French, commanded by the celebrated Massena, were endeavoring to drive Suwarow from Switzerland. It was at Neubourg, upon the right bank of the Danube, that this illustrious private soldier, who was honored by General Bonaparte with the title of "first Grenadier of France," was killed, by a lance which struck him through the heart. Latour D'Auvergne was a descendant of one of the oldest families of France; he was a man of high education, but always refused any grade in the army, saying that a soldier fighting for the independence of his country, did not want any other reward than the satisfaction found in the accomplishment of his duty. The French army at that time, June 28th, 1800, was commanded by Gen. Moreau, against the Austrians.

[Our friend, so well posted in this little episode of French history, will accept thanks for the correction, but at the same time will allow us the privilege of saying that the mistake occurred in the paper from which we copied the paragraph, and that we are excusable, as printers from time immemorial have been taught to "follow copy even if it goes up the chimney."—Eds. Herald.

It is reported that war has broken out between Paraguay and the Argentine Republic.

The Epogue says in order to be prepared for all eventualities, the French Government has determined to reinforce its naval stations on the American coast.

The Herald says that in the trial of conspirators, it was discovered that Dr. Blackburn and others had a yellow fever and small pox plot, whereby the Union armies and chief cities were to be infected and destroyed. Clothing and goods to the amount of a million dollars were infected with small pox and yellow fever. A valise of clothing infected with small pox and yellow fever was sent to Mr. Lincoln.

Kirby Smith has surrendered.

A heavy shock of an earthquake was felt throughout Southern California on the 24th May. Houses were rudely shaken.

A number of men were arrested in New York recently while fitting out a vessel to attack French commerce under the Mexican flag. They belonged to the "emigration party."

The appointment of Major Generals of the regular army are as follows: Gen. Halleck takes command of the Pacific States; Gen. Sherman, of the military division of the Mississippi, comprising the States of Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee and probably Louisiana; Gen. Meade, of the Atlantic States; Gen. Sheridan of the trans-Mississippi; Gen. Geo. H. Thomas, of Virginia, North Carolina, and perhaps other Southern States.

THE GARRISONING OF NORTH CAROLINA.—General Terry's command will occupy the central position of North Carolina, headquarters at Goldsboro. The three divisions of General Cox's (twenty-third) corps will be stationed as follows: First division, Major General Ruger, commanding, at and in the vicinity of Charlotte. Second division, Major General Couch, commanding, at and in the vicinity of Salisbury. Third division, Brigadier General Carter, commanding, at and in the neighborhood of Greensboro. Detachments will be sent out as occasion may require, to all the different countries in the State.

SECESSION FLAG.—The flag which waved over the Secession Convention of South Carolina has been presented by Gen. Blair to Gov. Fletcher of Missouri. It is of silk, richly fringed with bullion.

Chief Justice Chase, in North Carolina said that military rule would be continued until the States were reconciled to immediate emancipation and the policy of the Government.

Latest Northern News.

The President has appointed the following officers for North Carolina: District Judge, R. P. Dick; United States Marshal, W. K. Richardson; District Attorney, Richard Mason; Postmaster of Raleigh, J. B. B. Rust. All the appointees are of North Carolina.

Mr. Davis has been turned over to a civil court for trial.

The Hon. W. W. Boyce, formerly member of Congress from South Carolina, says a Washington correspondent of the Charleston Courier, is here, and has called upon the President. He is one of the few in that State who has remained loyal. It is he, who in 1871, addressed a protest against secession, to the people of that State.

It is believed that President Johnson is not in favor of negro suffrage, except in some modified form.

A delegation arrived in New York on the 31st ult., from Montgomery, Ala. Their object is to lay before the President of the United States, a series of resolutions, expressive of loyalty to the Union, passed at a large meeting of the citizens of Alabama, held at Montgomery. As also two letters numerous signed, praying for permission to convene the Legislature in order to restore the State of Alabama at the earliest possible day, to her political relations with the United States.

The French Mexican organ, the Estafete, says a war with the United States is inevitable. It is believed in Mexico the Federal troops will immediately march into that country. Great hope is openly manifested by the Mexicans towards the French, and Maximilian is showing some distrust of them. A counter revolution is talked of freely.

It is estimated that \$50,000,000 will be required to pay off the U. S. army. The amount is ready for the paymasters.

An important telegraph contract has been recently completed in New York, for building a line between Bogota and Nore. This will be the first attempt at the introduction of the magnetic telegraph into South America. It is the initial movement which will probably connect South America with the United States.

We perceive in the New York Herald that large contributions are being made to cancel the war debt, on the part of the citizens.

Since the 3d of April last, 14,557 citizens, soldiers and ladies have taken the oath of allegiance to the United States in the city of Richmond.

A correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune, at Fortress Monroe, reports that the rumored manning of Jeff Davis was a fact, and that the ex President knocked down two of his guards, during the operation.

Hon. WM. AIXEN.—This distinguished citizen came passenger on the steamship Fulton from N. Y. to Hilton Head, and arrived here on the steamer Wm. P. Clyde. As he made his appearance he was recognized and enthusiastically cheered by the crowd on the wharf. He was afterwards surrounded on all sides by his friends, and a carriage was immediately engaged by the crowd, and the Governor conveyed to his residence in Aiken Square. He speaks in the warmest terms of the kind treatment and reception he met with during his stay at the North, particularly in New York and Washington. His interviews with the President were of the most pleasant and agreeable nature.

The Governor was visited during the day and evening by large numbers of his old friends, many of whom were under the impression that he had received the appointment of Provisional Governor, of the State. He is still, however, on parole.—Charleston Courier.

A GOOD MOVEMENT.—We notice among the recent arrivals in this city Mr Nathaniel Heyward and Mr. James B. Heyward, known as among the most extensive and successful rice planters in the State. We are glad to learn that they have proceeded to their plantations, at Hilton Head, for the purpose of making contracts with those whose labor they have heretofore controlled, in conformity with the new order of things, and we cannot doubt that their example will be influential in deterring others to the same course. They have our best wishes for their success.—Charleston Courier.

OBITUARY.

DR. THOMAS BROOKS RUTHERFORD is dead! He was born in Newberry District, S. C., 5th November, 1801, and suddenly fell down at his desk, and in his native district, a victim of death.

Thus has fallen another of our citizens, generous and noble in his nature, universally respected and esteemed in his life, and whose funeral procession attested that he should be honored in his death.

Some fifteen years of his early life were spent as a practicing physician, and in '56 and '57, he was a member of the State Legislature, but he seemed to have preferred the humbler walks of life and consequently directed his attention more especially to agricultural pursuits. He was emphatically a practical business man, having considerable energy and force of character.

In the year '38, he married Miss Laura Adams, a lady of religious sentiment and Methodist predilections, who was survived by five children, one of whom fell at the head of his Regiment, in the valley of Virginia, 13th October, '64.

Relative to Dr. Rutherford's religious life, we are sorry to know, that he did not postpone indefinitely a preparation for eternity, but acknowledged the claims of Christianity, and became a member of the M. E. Church about the year '41. He was a liberal supporter of the church, and for several years previous to his death, served in an official capacity. His house was always the preacher's home, and the recollections of the Rutherford Camp-ground, will suggest to the minds of many his interest and zeal in behalf of the cause of Christ. But he will no more celebrate his Redeemer's praise upon earth, and so earthly, and perhaps unexpectedly was his life blazed away by the angel of death, that not a single expression was uttered in reference to his future and eternal condition; as, however, he had

both in, and by his life, given evidence of saving faith in Christ, may we not indulge the hope that his spirit now rejoices in the glory of God.

He has left a widow and four children to mourn his loss.

The poor, the fatherless, and the widow, will shed tears over his grave, and inscribe his name on the tablet of memory. The district has lost a most excellent and worthy citizen. And the Methodist Church, in the Newberry Circuit, has lost one of her strongest pillars.

Alas! how uncertain is human life! Surely, "all flesh is as grass, and all the glory of men as the flower of grass."

May the mantle of the father fall upon his children, and let them say, "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord, from henceforth: yea, saith the spirit, that they may rest from their labors; and their works, do follow them."

A FRIEND.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

At PRIVATE SALE, DRAWING ROOM, DINING ROOM, and BED ROOM FURNITURE, viz.: A good Piano, a very superior Melodeon, a superior Sewing Machine, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Sides, Tables, Sideboard, Looking Glasses, Oil-paintings, Book-Case, &c. &c.

Can be seen between 11 and 1 o'clock, for ten days. WALTER STEELE, Newberry Village.

GROCERIES.

Just ARRIVED FROM

CHARLESTON.

A CHOICE and WELL SELECTED STOCK of GOODS, which I am prepared to offer

At Retail for a small advance,

and can give a FAIR MARGIN to dealers in the city and country. My stock consists in part of:

Boxes SMOKED HERRINGS, COLGATE'S WASHING SOAP, TOILET SOAP,

Bbls. BROWN SUGAR, Chest YOUNG HYSON TEA, Kits MACKEREL,

Cases PICKLES, quarts and pints, Boxes CANDY, assorted, Fraills FRESH DATES,

Boxes TURKEY FIGS, RAISINS, FRESH LEMONS,

SOFT SHELL ALMONDS, BUTTER CRACKERS, GINGER CAKES,

LEMON, DAIRY CHEESE, SARDINES, CHOCOLATE,

CONDENSED MILK, Doz. NORTHERN BROOMS, Boxes Colgate's PEARL STARCH,

BLACK INK, in stoves, YEAST POWDERS—Dunkle's, Brown's & JAMAICA GINGER,

Cases SPARKLING SCOTCH ALE, Boxes HAVANA SEGARS,

MASON'S BLACKING, Doz. SHOE BRUSHES, Boxes FINE CHEWING TOBACCO,

SMOKING TOBACCO, Fine Cut Chewing TOBACCO, SPERM CANDLES,

BACON, BUTTER, LARD, FLOUR, MOLASSES, CARBONATE SODA,

BLACK PEPPER, COFFEE, RICE, SALT, MANILLA ROPE, PINDERS,

COTTON CARDS, MATCHES, GUM CAMPHOR, GUM OPTUM, CHLORFORM, CALOMEL,

POTASH and BLUE MASS, ALSO,

A small stock of HARDWARE and STATIONERY.

Give me a call, and judge for yourselves.

HARDY SOLOMON.

COLUMBIA, S. C.

In basement of Mr. L. Levy's house, Corner of Assembly and Plain streets.

June 11-20 65

Important Notice.

I will exchange four bushels coarse Liverpool Salt for one barrel of Flour; and one bushel Salt for two of corn; and will also purchase Wheat for which I will pay the Market Price in cash. A. HARRIS.

June 7 th

Medical Card.

DR. JAMES MCINTOSH offers his services, in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, to the citizens of Newberry and vicinity.

Office—that formerly occupied by the late Dr. Thompson. Residence at Mrs. Higgins.

June 7 th

Wanted Immediately.

TO RENT, a Melodeon or Piano. The greatest care will be taken with the instrument.—Enquire at this office. June 7

Medical Card.

DR. S. POPE offers his professional services to the citizens of Newberry. Office over Col. L. J. Jones's law office.

NOTICE.

DR. G. W. GARMANY offers his professional services to the citizens of Newberry, Helena and surrounding country. Office at Mrs. Dr. Ewatts. All orders left there will be promptly attended to. May 23